# INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

NAME			
HISTORIC			
James K. Harper House			
AND/OR COMMON		3 47 17 18	
Dr. Franks' Residence			
LOCATION			
STREET & NUMBER			
303 North Commerce Street			
CITY, TOWN	Second of the 2	CONGRESSIO	NAL DISTRICT
Centreville	VICINITY OF	COUNTY	
Maryland		Queen Anne's	
CLASSIFICATION	The many water	mis tand	121218
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRESENT USE
_DISTRICT _PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICU	
X_BUILDING(S) X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMME	
STRUCTUREBOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCAT	
_SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE		AINMENT _RELIGIOUS
_OBJECTIN PROCESS	X.YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERN	
BEING CONSIDERED	_YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUST	
OWNER OF PROPERTY	_NO	MILITAF	RY _OTHER:
NAME	La Sunt o de Co	elephone	A 2561
NAME Ann D. Tamlyn	La Sunt o de Co	elephone	#:
Ann D. Tamlyn STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street	La Sunt o de Co	elephone	#: ATE, Zip code
NAME Ann D. Tamlyn STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street CITY. TOWN Centreville	VICINITY OF	elephone	#: 
Ann D. Tamlyn STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street	VICINITY OF	elephone st	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617
Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF IPTION	elephone st	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617
Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR  COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's Courthouse.	VICINITY OF IPTION	elephone st	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617
Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR  COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's Coustreet & NUMBER	VICINITY OF IPTION	elephone st	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617
Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR  COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's Coustreet & NUMBER Courthouse Square	VICINITY OF IPTION	elephone  st. liber #: l	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617  MWM 156 213
Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR  COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's Coustreet & NUMBER	VICINITY OF IPTION	relephone  st.  liber #: 1  colio #: 2	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617  MWM 156 213
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Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER 305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN  Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR  COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's Coustreet & NUMBER  Courthouse Square  CITY. TOWN	VICINITY OF IPTION Inty Courthouse	relephone  st.  liber #: 1  colio #: 2	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617  MWM 156 213
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Ann D. Tamlyn  STREET & NUMBER  305 North Commerce Street  CITY. TOWN  Centreville  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR  COURTHOUSE.  REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's Cou  STREET & NUMBER  Courthouse Square  CITY. TOWN  Centreville  REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	VICINITY OF IPTION Inty Courthouse F	relephone  st.  liber #: 1  colio #: 2	#:  ATE, zip code Maryland 21617  MWM 156  213  ATE Maryland

PA-143

#### CONDITION

X\_EXCELLENT \_\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

# DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The James Harper House is located on the west side of North Commerce Street one-half block south of Academy Lane and almost directly opposite Turpins Lane.

The house is of brick construction, built in at least two major parts and with a later frame addition to the rear. The original house was three bays wide, two stories high, and two rooms deep, with a side hall, double parlor plan and a pitched gable roof. This early 19th century dwelling was enlarged to three stories in the third quarter of the 19th century. The pitched gable roof was replaced with a shed roof with a bracketed cornice. The one story frame addition to the rear probably dates to the early 20th century.

The front facade faces east to Commerce Street. The front entrance is in the north bay on the first floor, fitted with a 6-panel door and trimmed out with a five-light transom, paneled soffit and jambs, and a granite sill. There are two 6/9 windows to the left of the door, three 6/9 windows on the second floor, and three 6/6 windows on the later third story. Two cellar windows pierce the

#### PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

PREHISTORIC 400-1499 \_\_1500-1599

\_\_1600-1699

X\_1800-1899

\_\_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC

\_\_AGRICULTURE X ARCHITECTURE

\_\_1700-1799 \_\_ART \_\_COMMERCE

X\_1900-\_\_COMMUNICATIONS

\_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC \_\_COMMUNITY PLANNING

\_\_CONSERVATION

ENGINEERING

\_\_ECONOMICS \_\_EDUCATION

\_INDUSTRY

\_\_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT

\_INVENTION

\_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE \_\_RELIGION

LAW

\_\_LITERATURE \_\_MILITARY

\_\_MUSIC

\_\_PHILOSOPHY

\_\_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT

\_\_SCIENCE

\_SCULPTURE

\_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN

\_\_THEATER

\_\_TRANSPORTATION

\_\_OTHER (SPECIFY)

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This brick Federal house was constructed circa 1820 on a quarter-acre lot purchased in September 1819 by Dr. James K. Harper. It was enlarged from two or 2 1/2 stories to three stories in the latter half of the 19th century, by the Duhamel family, which owned the property from 1856 until 1908.

The interior of the original house is relatively untouched, with the majority of the original trim intact, including four Federal mantels, an open-string stair, three built-in cupboards and most of the architrave trim, baseboard and chairrail still in nearly pristine condition. Early six-panel doors with early box locks also survive. and several interior openings are trimmed with paneled soffits and jambs. When the third story was added, the pitched gable roof was replaced with a shallow pitch shed roof. The third story

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY	
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STA	TE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
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STATE COUNTY	
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11 FORM PREPARED BY	
NAME / TITLE	
Orlando Ridout V, Historic Sites Surveyor ORGANIZATION	DATE
Queen Anne's County Historical Society	10/13/81
STREET & NUMBER	* TELEPHONE
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Centreville	Maryland
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Field Notebook QA-XIX; Recorded October 9, 1980.

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

### 7.1 DESCRIPTION

foundation directly below the first floor windows.

The brickwork on the front facade is laid in

Flemish bond above a three-course bond foundation.

The window openings have splayed jack arch lintels

one brick high. On the first floor the window openings

have been enlarged approximately two inches on each

jamb. The brickwork of the original building is quite

similar to that found on other brick dwellings con
structed in the first two decades of Centreville's existence.

The bricks are somewhat larger than usual, and the

coursing is very precise, bearing comparison in particular

to two houses constructed on South Commerce Street in

the mid-1790's (see QA-150 and QA-151).

The added third story is also brick, laid in six-course bond with smaller, machine-made bricks. The eaves are trimmed in with scrolled brackets applied to a plain frieze board below a box cornice with a deep soffit.

An entrance porch with square, chamfered posts and a standing seam hip roof protects the front door.

On the south gable wall, there are no openings on the first floor. Tall narrow 4/6 windows pierce the second story at the extreme left and right. A bricked-up opening in the center of the third story was evidently an attic window in the upper gable of

# 7.2 DESCRIPTION

the original building. When the third story was added, 6/6 windows were positioned directly above the two second story openings. The original brickwork is laid in three- and five-course bond with numerous randomly placed glazed headers. The approximate outline of the original gable remains visible, with the east section of the added third story laid with later machine-made brick, and the west section laid with reused hand-made brick. The chimney stack has been rebuilt and painted, now forming a single long, low stack in the center of the gable wall. The bracketed cornice is carried across the entire gable wall, passing in front of the chimney.

On the north gable wall, there are two 6/9 windows on the first and second floor and one 6/6 window in the center of the later third story. An original bulkhead cellar entrance is centered below the east window on the first floor; a six-light cellar window is centered below the west window.

The brickwork is laid in five-course bond with random glazed bricks. The upper gable was evidently demolished when the third story was added, and the entire upper story is laid with machine-made brick in common bond. The bracketed cornice is carried across the gable wall.

### 7.3 DESCRIPTION

A one story frame addition covers the first floor of the rear facade. The original rear door and two 6/9 windows remain in place on the first floor, but now open into the rear wing. On the second story, the north window is down-set over the stair landing, and has been reduced to a single six-light opening due to the roof of the later wing. The original 6/9 window remains intact in the south bay. There are two 6/6 windows on the later third story.

The original brickwork is laid in five-course bond.

On the third story, early bricks from the demolished upper gable of the north wall have been reused to within six courses of the eave. Above that point machine-made brick is laid in common bond. The bracketed cornice is carried across the rear facade.

The first floor plan consists of a side hall along the north gable and two parlors to the south. The hall is nominally divided into a front entrance and a rear stair hall by a simple pilastered arch. The rear hall is about eight inches wider to allow more room for the stairway. The stairs rise against the north wall to a landing on the rear wall. It is an open-string stair with square balusters and a simple molded walnut rail. The stair ends are decorated with simple scrolled brackets and the area below the carriage is paneled.

# 7.4 DESCRIPTION

A four-panel door under the stair landing opens onto an original cellar stair. A handsome hand-wrought thumb latch survives on this door.

The arched opening in the hall is framed with paneled pilasters below a simple cap and a plain arch with a plastered soffit. Blocks in the center of the arch suggest keystone blocks, and it is possible that molded keystone blocks and a molded architrave have been removed. In general, the arch has a distinctly Greek feel to it, in contrast to the Federal woodwork evident throughout the house.

The window openings on the north wall of the hall have splayed reveals but are not paneled. The door and window architraves consist of a beaded, broken-field fascia with a cove/fillet backband. A two-piece chairrail with a broken-field fascia and a beaded baseboard encircle the room.

The original rear entrance remains intact, with fully fielded 6-panel door, paneled soffit and jambs, and a granite sill.

Fully fielded six-panel doors with Carpenter

Company box locks open into the two parlors to the

south of the hall. A large door opening joins the

two south rooms. In the front parlor, the fireplace

is offset slightly to the right of center, flanked by

# 7.5 DESCRIPTION

recessed alcoves. The mantel is a large board surround with plain pilasters, sideblocks and center block below a complex Federal shelf that breaks forward above the blocks.

The front window openings have been enlarged and the original splayed jambs replaced with plain jambs and mid-19th century architraves. The door to the hall is framed with the same Federal architrave found in the hall. The large opening leading to the rear parlor has a Federal architrave with broken-field fascia and ovolo backband.

In the rear parlor, the fireplace is offset to the left of center. The mantel is a relatively small board surround with a cove/astragal backband framing the opening, and plain sideblocks and frieze below a molded Federal shelf that breaks forward above the sideblocks. To the left of the fireplace is a tall, narrow built-in cupboard with a single three-panel door framed with an ogee/astragal backband. A simple cupboard has been constructed in the alcove to the right of the fireplace utilizing three raised panels across the top of the opening, evidently all that remains of an original cupboard. The original 6/9 windows survive on the rear facade, now opening into the rear wing.

These windows have plain splayed jambs and Federal

### 7.6 DESCRIPTION

architrave trim with an ovolo backband. It is interesting to note that the six-panel door to the hall has a more elaborate panel mold profile and is set in an architrave with the same ogee/astragal backband found on the small cupboard next to the fireplace.

The second floor stair hall is partitioned to form a small chamber at the east end, now utilized as a modern bath. The stair is identical in detail to the front floor stair but without decorative brackets on the stair ends. The original frame for the window over the stair landing remains intact, but the lower 9-light sash has been blocked due to the roof of the rear addition. All of the second story windows have plain splayed jambs and beaded architrave trim with an ogee/astragal backband. A simple two-piece chairrail encircles the hall, but the chambers evidently never had a chairrail. The beaded baseboard has survived in all four rooms.

In the southeast chamber, the fireplace is offset to right of center, with an original two-door built-in cupboard to the right. The mantel is a simple board surround with an unusual ogee/astragal backband framing the opening, a plain frieze without sideblocks and a relatively simple molded shelf. The cupboard is fitted with one large 2-panel door above a smaller single

#### 7.7 DESCRIPTION

panel door, framed with a rabbeted architrave and cove/
astragal backband. The six-panel door to the hall is
fitted with an early metal box lock with small brass
knobs but no makers marks. Peeling paint on the front
window frames has revealed early if not original
grey-green paint.

In the rear or southwest chamber, the fireplace is offset to left of center. A tall narrow cupboard to the left of the fireplace is fitted with a three-panel door, similar to the cupboard in the corresponding position on the first floor. The mantel is a board surround with an ogee/astragal backband framing the opening, which is now blocked up. Plain sideblocks are positioned at either end of a plain frieze, below a simple molded shelf. The door to the hall has a more elaborate panel mold identical to the hall door on the first floor rear parlor, and is fitted with a metal box lock with brass handles. The architrave trim in this room is the same cove/fillet profile found in the first floor hall.

The third story flooring and the trim framing the stairs survives from the original house, but the partitions and exterior walls date to the later alterations. The floor plan is similar to the second floor, with two large unheated chambers to the south

## 7.8 DESCRIPTION

and a small unheated chamber at the east end of the hall. The trim and doors are typical of the post-Civil War period. A trap door in the ceiling of the hall has been sealed permanently.

The cellar is divided into two rooms by a brick partition parallel to the front facade. The rear chimney base has a large cooking fireplace with one ring fitting for an iron crane. The chimney base in the front room has a relieving arch but no fireplace. The ceiling joists are hewn and whip-sawn and are set parallel to the gable walls below the two parlors and parallel to the facade below the hall. The front and rear joists are joined with an unusual pegged scarf joint just east of the center partition wall. The joists and floorboards above are whitewashed; the ceiling has never been plastered. From the cellar stairs, it is possible to observe double-struck nails in the framing of the first floor stairs.

# 8.1 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

is relatively plainly decorated with stock Victorian trim.

The house stands on a quarter acre lot purchased by James Edmondson from Elizabeth Nicholson in 1794 Edmondson, a cabinetmaker, did not build on the lot, selling it to Thomas Wickersham of Chester County, Pennsylvania for £20. Wickersham is listed as the owner of an unimproved guarter-acre lot on the 1797 tax assessment, valued at \$16. (3) Wickersham also failed to develop the lot and evidently failed to attract the attention of the tax assessors, for his name drops from the assessment lists and the lot also disappears until 1821. In September 1819, Thomas Wickersham sold the property to Dr. James K. Harper for \$50. In 1821, Harper appears at the bottom of the assessment list as the owner of 1/4 acre of Lot 33 North improved, with a value of \$1400 and a second 1/4 acre of Lot 33 improved and valued at \$150. (4) There seems little doubt that the first entry refers to the recently completed brick house. In 1832 a valuation was filed for Christopher Cox Harper, a minor child, presumably indicating that Dr. Harper had died. This valuation includes the following description of the property:

# 8.2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

"...We value the lot of ground in Centreville on front street containing onefourth of an acre at \$90 (per annum) on said lot there is a two story brick dwelling house 23 by 30 feet with a back framed shed room 15 by 16 feet in good repair, a framed smoke house 10 by 12 feet in good repair and a small framed privy, the garden enclosed with post and rails except on one side, which is open to the adjoining lot. We estimate the lot of arable land near the academy containing one acre at eight dollars, the enclosure very indifferent. We estimate the lot of arable land at the south end of the town containing 1 3/8 acre at ten dollars enclosure indifferent...(5)

In 1840, the property is assessed to Christopher Cox Harper, valued at \$1500. (6) In 1851, Dr. James K. Harper and Dr. C. Cox Harper joined in a deed conveying the property to William H.D.C. Wright of Baltimore for \$1500. (7) Two days later William Wright deeded the property to Alphonso Wright (8) and in 1856 Alphonso Wright sold the property to Margaret C. Duhamel, again for \$1500. (9)

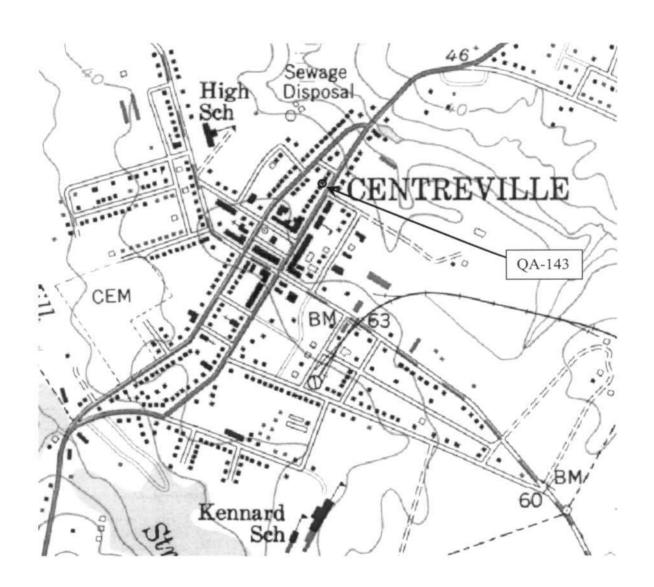
The house and property remained in the Duhamel family until 1908, when the heirs of Margaret Duhamel sold it to W.F. Anthony for \$1600. The property has passed through a number of owners since that time. (11)

# Footnotes

- (1) Deeds STW 3, folio 99. October 11, 1794.
- (2) Deeds STW 3, folio 510. March 7, 1796.
- (3) Proceedings of the Centreville Town Commissioners, 1797-1876. The tax list describes the lot as "half of Lot 33 North, 1/4 acre unimproved".

  According to the deed, Wickershams Lot was part of Lot 34 North. This seems to be an error on the part of the tax assessors and there is little doubt that this is the same lot.
- (4) ibid.
- (5) Valuations WHN 4, folio 402, Sept. 6, 1832. (Hall of Records).
- (6) Centreville Tax Assessments 1820-1860. (Hall of Records).
- (7) Deeds JT 6, folio 628. May 28, 1851.
- (8) Deeds JT 6, folio 632. May 30, 1851.
- (9) Deeds JP 2, folio 507. January 1, 1856.
- (10) Deeds SS 5, folio 565. December 31, 1908.
- (11) See Deeds JFR 3, folio 241. November 5, 1919.
  ASG Jr. 1, folio 464. Aug. 17, 1939.
  ASG Jr. 14, f. 341. July 17, 1946.
  BP 61, folio 318. July 17, 1961.
  CWC 111, folio 265. Nov. 3, 1976.

QA-143 James K. Harper House (Dr. Franks' Residence) 303 N. Commerce St. Centreville Centreville Quad. Queen Anne's Co.





QA-143 Dr. Franks Residence 303 North Commerce Street Centreville, Maryland Orlando Ridout 1981 Front facade from Northeast



QA-143

Dr. Franks Residence
303 North Commerce Street
Centreville, Maryland
Orlando Ridout V 1981
Rear facade from West

A brick in the chimney dated 1798 establishes this as one of the earliest houses in Centreville. The present appearance of the house dates principally to the second period of construction, circa 1820-1830. Further alterations and a rear wing date to the late 19th century. Details of interest include a paneled stair and Federal woodwork on the first floor and a cooking fireplace in the cellar with a bake oven and the original iron crane.